Wiening Star

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE NEW RIGGS MARKET, P street, between 14th and 16 h streets, will be opened to the public, SATURDAY, August 4th, at 5 o'clock a.m., and the regular market days thereafter will be TUESDAY.

THURSDAY and SATURDAY MORNINGS, SATURDAY NIGHT.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—All goods left with us, either on loan or on commission, on which money has been advanced thereon, and is overdue money has been advanced the tent, and not or the time set on the receipts, must be taken out or the time extended, or the same will be sold after ten time extended, or the same will be sold after ten time. days from this date, at private sale or public auction, 8. GOLDSTEIN & CO., Commission Brokers, augl-let corner 10 h and D sta.

SABATOGA WATER, ONLY 15 CENTS A BOTTLE, From the Celebrated Hathorn Spring. W. S. THOMPSON, Pharmacist,

703 15th street. GENUINE CONGRESS WATER From the Original Spring
AT SABATOGA,
Fifteen Cents per Bottle,
MATHORN WATER same price. MILBURN'S PHARMACY.

my23-tr 1429 Penn. avenue, near Willard's. D. McFARLAN, Dentist,
1340 NEW YORK AVENUE.
Not New Jersey avenue, as erroneously printed in
Boyd's Directory for 1877. MANY WHO ARE SUFFERING

from the effects of the warm weather and are debilitated, are advised by physicians to take moderate amounts of whisky two or three times during the day. In a little while those who adopt this advice frequently increase the number of "drinks" and in time become confirmed inebriates. A beverage which will not create this thirst for intoxicating liquors, and which is intended especially for the benefit of debilitated persons, whether at home or abroad, is Dr. Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic. Containing the mices of many medical herbs, this preparation does not create an appetite for the intoxicating cup. The nourishing and the life supporting properties of many valuable natural productions contained is it and well known to medical men have a most strengthening influence. A single bottle of the Tonic will demonstrate its valuable qualities. For debility srising from sickness, over exertion or from any cause whatever, a wineglassful of Sea Weed Tenic taken after meals will strengthen the stomach and create an appetite for wholesome food. To all who are shout leaving their homes, we desire to say that the excellent effects of Dr. Schenck's seasonable

NOTABY PUBLIC. ect17-tf OFFICE-STAR BUILDING.

remedies, Sea Weed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills, are

particularly evident when taken by those who are

injuriously affected by a change of water and diet

No persot should leave home without taking a sup

ply of these safeguards along. For sale by all drug-

OPTICIAN. First premium awarded to me by the Great World's Fair, in Philadelphia, on my invented and patented EYEGLASS, manufactured in Geld, Silver and Frameless, with genuine Brasiltan Febbles. Also, on hand a large variety of SPECTACLES, OPERA GLASSES, MICBO-SCOPES and SHADES for the Eyes, &c cots-tristy 1229 Pennsylvania avenue n.w.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE.

WRITING WITHOUT INK.
THE MIRACULOUS PEN: This Penis used like an ordinary pen. It is sufficient to di) it into Water as you would dip an ordinary pen into ink. If the writing is intended to be copied by the press shake the first drop carefully from the pen. The Pen need and never should be wiped or heaned. It always writes without the least care. It does not oxidize and never becomes ameary. Is supplies the place of all pens and of all inks, and a prepared in different Colors, such as Dark Viole, fied and Blue The colors are unchangeable and indestructible; they do not injure the finest fabric, and are very brilliant. No office should be vithout the Red. No traveler without any.

Price, 10 Cents each or 3 for 25 Cents. Will be ent by mai on receipt of price, if not less than three are ordered.

The MAGIC INKSTAND furnishes, by pouring a little Water in it. a Black Ink with all the proper-ties of the Magic Pen. It will last five years. For important documents and deeds it is unsurpassed, as it resists the nest powerful acids, as chlorine, oxalic acid, ac. Prue 25 Cents each.

B. SILVERBERG, 312 Seventh street northwest,

ivil-tr Sole Agent for District of Columbia. UNITED STATES FOUR PER CENT BONDS, Coupon and Registered, for sale in U. S. 3 65 BONDS, issued in behalf of the Dis DISTRICT) F COLUMBIA BONDS of various a small lot of WASHINGTON GAS LIGHT CO.'S LEWIS JOHNSON & CO., Bankers. sug3 8: Pa. ave. and 10th street.

LUMBER.

OUR PRICE LIST.

ASOTHER REDUCTION

WHITE PILE PICKS, Dressed.

WHITE PIME SELECTS, Dressed

WE WILL MAKE

WHITE PINE SECONDS, Dressed.

A REDUCTION OF 10 PER CENT. ON LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

VIEGINIA PINE PLOOBING...... 20

WILLET & LIBBEY,

Corner Biath street and New York avenue. Opposite Northern Liberty Market. MCMENAMIN & CO.,

Corner First street east and Penn. avenu Have on hand the largest and best selection of MARBLE and GRANITE MONUMENTS, HEAD-STONES, &c., over effered for sale south of New York. jy'll-3m*

K. WARD, Alderney Dairy Depot,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in PURE ALDERBEY MILK AND CREAM. Office and Depot,
639 E street n.w., Washington, D. C. FRESH
BUTTER, 30 cents, churned every day at 6 a. m.
Choice ALDERNEY BUTTER, 40 cents, in quarter pound prints. BUTTER MILK a specialty.
Milk and Cream delivered at any hour desired, j19-1m

THE PEOPLE CONTINUE TO PREFER
THE IMPROVED SODA,
With Granulated Ice.
EOLE S. corner 7th and E ets. ETERGENT.

INQUIRE ABOUT IT. aug2-ly

BECKEB'S Leather Trunk, With Canvas Cover. Gold, Nickel or Rubber

Me Above Specialties are Extraordinary Bargains. TRUNKS, BAGS and SATCHELS.
Trunks called for, Repaired and Covered at greatly reduced prices.

1617 Penn. Avenue. [jy 9] Above Willards.

100 NEW AND SECOND-HAND TOP
AND NO-TOP BUGGIES, Sizgle and Jump Seat Jaggers, two and four
seat Park Pony Phetons; also, one very
stylish Brett, and fifty other styles.
Prices to suit the times.
Prices to suit the times.

Prices to suit the times.

Prices to suit the times.

Prices to suit the times.

All Will Companies accounts.

ALL WHO VALUE THEIR SIGHT TO know the best One Dollar BLASSES accurately suited to the Control of the Control o

EVENING STAR.

Washington News and Gossip.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO-DAY .- Internal revenue, \$343,680.97; customs, \$680,517.74. CADET MIDSHIPMEN Horace W. Harrison and Frank R. Heath have been detached from the Swatara and placed on waiting

CONTRACT AWARDED .- Riley & Bro., o this city, have received the contract for furnishing the Navy department with 200 tons of coal at \$3.47 per ton.

GOING WEST .- Gen. John Eaton, Commis sioner of Education; Mr. J. O. Wilson, superintendent of public schools, and Mr. Z. Richards will attend the seventeenth annual meeting of the National Educational Association, to be held in Louisville next week.

DEATH OF EX-PRESIDENT DOMINGUEZ Dispatches received at the Department of State from Hayti contain information of the death of ex-President Dominguez, and of the serious illness of President Canal. Do-minguez died in exile at Kingston, Jamaica, June 24th last, aged 77.

DAILY REPORT BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.—Deliveries August 8, 1877: To the Comptroller of the Currency-National currency notes, \$126,000. Loan Division-Four per cent. coupon consols, \$80,006; miscellaneous, \$10,310. Total, \$216,310. Balance on hand at close of day's work, \$184,306,170.

PRESIDENT GARRETT THANKED .- Postmaster General Key has addressed a letter to President Garrett, of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, thanking him for the "energy, activity and promptness, under the circumstances, with which the mails were transported" over his railway lines during the late stri ke and riots.

THE LATEST REPORTS FROM THE RIO GRANDE border are to the effect that the United States troops are being used very vigorously to prevent hostile incursions by Lerdoists from Texas into Mexico. Gen. Ord is also making efforts to arrange the border troubles by securing the extradition of the Lipan Indians. Negotiations looking to this end are now in progress, with good prospects

MOVEMENTS OF NAVAL VESSELS .- The Huron and Swatara have been ordered from Washington to Hampton Roads. The Huron will go from Hampton Roads to New York. The Plymouth will remain off Alexandria several days yet. Dispatches have been received from the Frolic dated Rio de Janeiro, July 14. The Adams expected to leave on the 17th of July for Bahia, and would return about the 1st of September. Health of officers and crews of both ships reported good.

SENATOR CONKLING'S RETURN. - Mr. James Sargent, of time-lock notoriety, informs us that there is no truth in the report | ances of the President's inaugural, and it lately published in the newspapers, that the sudden return home of Senator Conkling is due to a call made for his aid in a matter argued before the Secretary of the Interior and Assistant Attorney General Marble to day; as neither he, nor any one on his behalf, has corresponded with the Senator on the subject. He does not believe that Senator Conkling has ever heard of the existence of the controversy referred to.

THANKS TO THE NAVAL BRIGADE .- The Secretary of the Navy, in a letter to Captain Edward Barrett, commanding the U.S. naval brigade, under instructions of President Hayes, tenders the officers and men of the command his thanks for the gratification afforded him on the occasion of the display and review of the brigade on Wednesday afternoon at the navy yard. He not be the precision of movement and drill gener ally, and the readiness with which it can b converted into a land force of powerful and efficient regular soldiers, "zealous, faithful and reliable."

NIGHT INSPECTION OF THE SIGNAL SER VICE.-The President and the Secretary of War on Wednesday night from a station in the open road near Soldiers' Home inspected the night practice of the signal service. Mil itary orders were given by torch, rocket and mertar signals, and executed at posts miles away with absolute correctness, and a general report of stations was ordered at once by night signals and by wire from all the vicin ity of Washington and the neighboring states and coasts. The service was highly complimented upon the thoroughness of its discipline, practice and efficiency.

THE GERMAMS AND THE POLICE BOARD. Messrs. George Juenemann, George K. Baier, Charles Croff, and Joseph P. Shillenn, a committee of the Centennial club, waited upon the President to day for the purpose of asking a representation of the German American citizens on the Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners. They presented a memorial setting forth their claims to such representation. The President read the papers, and told the committee that their request should have due consideration. The following names were presented to the Prest-dent for his consideration: Capt. Julius Weser, Mr. Charles Walter, Mr. Julius Georgi, Mr. Louis Schade.

A STOLEN DOCUMENT .- Since the suit against McKee, of St. Louis whisky fame, has been instituted by the government to recover over \$500,000, it has been discovered that an important document is missing from the files in the department of justice. McKee intends making his pardon and the papers used in obtaining the same, the chief line of his defence in the new suit. One of these papers was an affidavit made by Con Megrue, who was one of the principal witresses against McKee in the criminal trial. The affidavit or paper which is missing, was of a nature to discredit Megrue's own testimony in the trial, and hence would be of im-portance to McKee in the civil suit. Megrue declares that he is not responsible for its disappearance. Pardon clerk Gray, who has the papers in charge, says that no one withdrew the papers, and that it must have been

THE ENLISTED CLERKS IN THE WAR DEPARTMENT are not a little exercised to know how they are going to get their pay. In the absence of any appropriation for the payment of their salaries, they receive from the quartermasters and commissary depart-ments a certificate account of the amounts due them monthly on account of the commutation allowance for quarters, fuel and subsistence. For the month just past the allowance for commissary commutation to a sprivate aggregates thirty-one dollars. A day or two ago each enlisted employe received a certificate setting forth that the United States is indebted to the holder in the sum of \$31, and the certifying officer of the subsisterce department adds that he would pay the account if he had the funds available wherewith to do it. Now, the trouble is owing to the indefiniteness of the voucher; that is, baving no fixed time of maturity the banks will not take the certificates and negetiate them. The bank officers say that it is a risk; that a soldier is prohibited by law from assigning his pay, and even if he did it would not be valid if he chose to revoke the assignment. With an army officer it sdifferent, for he is not barred by the law, and the u-age has always been with a ma-jority of them to anticipate their salaries. There is a good deal of reliance, too, on an officer's bonor, and hence he finds no diffi-culty in making a negotiation with the Drexel & Co. banking firm. The outcome of the dilemma in which the enlisted clerks are p'aced, is that they are compelled to negolate with money sharks who charge from ten to fifteen per cent. on the face of the voucher for cashing it. The pay of an en-listed private does not aggregate one hundred deliars monthly. Many of them have families dependent upon them, and the ex-tertion of the brokers makes it quite hard upon this class. It seems, however, that the gover ment is unable to do for them otherwise than it is doing.

Diphtheria rages in Halifax. One man lost four children-all he had-last week. *Fox's Theater in Philadelphia which was burned last February, is being rebuilt. St. Louis papers of Sunday report that Ben De Bar is better, but by no means out of

85 Robert Toombs, of Georgia, says that the capitalist who does not respect labor is a fraud, and the laborer that does not respect capital is a fool.

Maine Republican Convention.

THE CANDIDATE AND THE PLATFORM. The republican convention in Maine, yesterday, renominated Hon. Selden Connor for governor. Resolutions were passed deprecating the consolidation of all political power in the southern states in the hands of those who precipitated the rebellion, while white Union men are persecuted into silence or banishment, and the entire colored race practically disfranchised by force and fear. It is regretted, also, that in congressional districts where the colored people have over two-thirds of the votes they are unable to elect one of their own race or a white sympathizer with their interests. Resumption of specie payments is demanded, and the honest election of Hayes and Wheeler is declared.

Among the resolutions adopted were the following: "That we are opposed to any further land grants or subsidies for railroads by the general government." "The states of South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana were fairly and legally carried by the republicans at the November election, 1876, for state and national tickets, and the undoubted right of President Hayes and Vice President Wheeto the electoral votes of those states was affirmed by the highest and most impartial tribunal that could be organized under the authority of the national gove nm ant; a tribunal to which the democrats in both branches in Congress gave their cellberate assent. For the democratic party no v to raise a cry of fraud is both unmanly and disnest, and if persisted in must be accented as an indication that that party in its mid desire for power is willing to incur all hazards of anarchy and revolution." A RESOLUTION COMMENDING OF PRESI-

DENT HAYES. When the resolutions were reported Chas. J. Talbot moved their adoption and the previous question. A scene of confusion fol-lowed and the previous question was not seconded. Gov. J. S. Chamberlain moved

an amendment, as follows: Resolved, That we reaffirm unshaken confidence in the integrity, patriotism and states-mar ship of Rutherford B. Hayes, and we cordially approve his efforts to carry out in good faith the principles avowed by the Cincinnati convention.

GOV. CHAMBERLAIN'S SPEECH IN FAVOR OF THE RESOLUTION. Gov. Chamberlain, in support of his resolution, said: "I am unwilling to see the state republican convention of Maine adjourn without expressing a cordial support of the national administration, which represents the head of the party. I am surprised that no such resolution was offered by the committee. When ever did a state convention fail to declare its support of its own chosen champion? and of all times this is surely one when true allegiance and manly service should be rendered now when the issues of the last sixteen years are down to the sharp crisis. A year ago, in the national platform we reaffirmed with care and completeness the principles which were our common bond. the end we sought, and the measures by which they were to be achieved. If anything could be a more bold and forcible presentation of them, it was found in Mr. Hayes' letter of acceptance. If further light or de-monstration were needed it was given in the courageous, statesmanlike and noble utterany were still in darkness, acts of the President's administration set at rest forever all doubt of his sincerity, firmness and devotion to the republican principles. What has the President done to make him a leper to be let alone or a culprit to be put on trial. What has come over the spirit of our dreams since we a year ago in this convention affirmed our confidence in our principles and in our this which I now venture to offer. Is sincerity so new to us that we are surprised and shocked when one takes us at our word? Is it the President's crime that he thought we were honest in our resolutions and premises: Take a care, gentlemen, lest the people think that it is we who are on trial, and not the President. Shall we be told to wait and see whether the President succeeds or not before we sustain him. Shall we stay back in the rear to wait the result. Are you going to put Maine in the rear; she will not stay there. The President is going to be sustained by the country, and I am confident that the republican party in Maine will sustain him. Let our resolutions, then, agree with our principles. Let them at least speak our meaning. If we are honest, if we are wise, we shall stand by the President. If the administration does not represent the republican party we have no national party. If this conven tion does not indorse the administration we cannot claim to belong to the republican party of the country. But let us no longer use words in mockery. If we mean to rec-ognize the President as he is, the exponent of our principles and the head of our party, why hesitate to say so in the language of men, and I will say also if we mean otherwise, if it is an honest conviction that

whole country. I am for this policy for still another reason—because it is right. A BOMB FROM BANGOR. C. A. Boutelle, of Bangor, moved the following amendment, and addressed the convention in its favor: Resolved, That this convention declares its belief that Gov. Packard, of Louisiana, and Gov. Chamberlain, of South Carolina, were entitled to their respective offices by the same votes which elected Rutherford B. Hayes President of the United States, and that both governors were clearly entitled to recognition by the national government, and by the failure to recognize them placed the national government in a humiliating attitude of surrendering to rebels threatening with arms

the President deserves censure and desertion,

let us have the manliness to say so frankly

and firmly. We owe it to the party and we owe it to the country. The resolution I have offered is simple and clear. It is more mod-

erate than I would like, but it is such as

every republican ought to accept. I know not what other gentlemen would think it wise and prudent to say here, but for one, so

far from waiting to see how the President will come out in his efforts to pacify the

country and purify the service, I am with the President now and here. I am for his

policy; his and ours is the only one that can

save the party and complete its noble record and triumphantly elect the true man we nominate to-day—the only one that can re-

store peace and business prosperity and

faith between man and man throughout the

in their hands to resist its legitimate authority. Hon. V. A. Farwell, of Rockland, spoke in favor of Gov. Chamberlain's resolution. SPEECH OF MR. BLAINE IN FAVOR OF

PEACE. Mr. Blaine took the floor and said he was opposed to both resolutions and in favor of peace. He moved that both resolutions be tabled, and that the convention vote separately on them. I do not rise to speak for an pdorsement of the administration or against the southern policy, or in opposition to it, but I beg to say an earnest word for the har-mony and success of the republican party in Maine. The additional resolutions offered show plainly a difference that exists in the ranks of the republican party. What shall be done about it? Shall one man be compelled to swallow the opinions of the other, or shall not each have the liberty to cherish his own? Mr. Lincoln used to say about the matter of administration that he was often compelled to do as the old farmer in Illinois who, when he could not grub up the stump or burn it, just quietly plowed around it. I am opposed to both these resolutions, and I believe I represent the wishes of a vast majority of this large convention when I move to lay them both on the table and then have a direct vote on the resolutions, reported from the committee. resolutions reported from the committee. I am known by perhaps every member of this convention to entertain very decided views on the southern question, but I am just as ready to vote against a resolution con-demring the President's policy as I am to vote against one approving it. We cannot take action either way without offending good men and creating needless heart-burn-ings and dissensions. We can all unite on a strong platform embracing the issues which we hold in common. We can all rally as one man to the support of Gov. Cornor. which we hold in common. We can all rally as one man to the support of Gov. Comor. We can be to'erant of each other's opinions. We can all remember and adopt the old theological maxim which teaches, "In essentials there should be unity, in non-essentials liberty, in all things charity." [Great and prolonged applause] The arguments urged for adoption of a resolution approving the southern policy do not seem to be convincing. On the other hand we are told that it is past recall, utterly irrevocable, and do as we ing. On the other hand we are told that it is past recall, utterly irrevocable, and do as we may it is fixed beyond the power to reverse it. Why bring it hither and demand our opinion of it as though it were a matter of practical administration? On the other hand we are told that the policy is an experiment and must be judged by its result. The experiment will certainly be tried, regardless of anything we may say for or against it Let us then leave it alone and let us make a proclamation of our faith in the republican

principles and show a solid front against our ancient foe, the democratic party. To force either of the pending resolutions upon the convention is to bring hither a sword. I beg the convention to hearken to me while speak in the interest of peace, and to sustain me in the motion which I now formally submit, that both resolutions do lie upon the ta-

BOTH RESOLUTIONS TABLED. A. G. Lebroke made a violent speech against the administration, which was greeted with cheers and hisses. Hon. Josiah Crosby, from Dexter, favored Gov. Chamberlain's resolution, and D. F. Davis, of Corinth spoke in opposition to both. Hon. Anson P. Morrill wanted peace, but there was no peace in opposition to the national administration, and he desired to say this to his friends who had preceded him. He proceeded to address the convention amid a scene of great confusion, being greeted with cheers and hisses. A motion to lay both resolutions on the table was carried, and the resolutions as reported from the committee were then declared adopted.

THE PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS -A special di patch to the New York Times from Philadel hia, August 8, says: Col. McClure his evening read a dispatch from Capt. McClelland, chairman of the democratic state committee, saying the democratic state convention will be held at Harrisburg on the 22d of August. During the past two weeks a combination was formed, in which it was believed Wallace and Randall joined hands, favoring the postponement of the convention until after the republicans held theirs, as it was deemed advisable on the ground that it would be impolitic for such imprudent people as the majority of democrats to attack the labor problem, or frame a platform contain-ing a plank on this question, without first having some work by intelligent republicans to guide them. The idea of postponing the convention, it was thought, had prevailed; but it is stated from up the state that a couple of parties, possibly Schell and Noyes, hearing that if the convention was delayed their chances of being nominated would fail. prevailed on Chairman McClelland to allow he labor question to take care of itself, and see that their chances of nomination were not impaired.

GIRLS ON STRIKE.-Yesterday morning nearly three hundred women and girls thronged the sidewalks in front of the silk manufactory of Messrs. John N. Stearns & Co., in 42d street, near 3d avenue. They were part of a body of four hundred weavers who decided to strike the day before, when informed of a reduction of three cents per yard in the price of their work. A commit tee of three of their number were in conference with the proprietor of the works in his private office. They hoped that a compromise might be made, and the disappointment was terrible. It was nours before they left the neighborhood, and many denunciations against the proprietors were uttered. The girls said:—"While claiming to be losing money, and reducing our pay to a mere pit tance in consequence, they were at the same time building an immense new mamifactory in 43d street." "Does that look like losing money?" asked a mild-mannered, middle-aged woman.—[N. Y. Sun, 9th.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL RIFLE TEAM. on the American National Rifle Team was finished at Creedmore on Wednesday afterpoon. The weather was splendid while the competition lasted, and some splendid rec ords were made. The team total of the eight highest scores sums up to 1,640 out of a possible 1.800 points, this being by six points higher record than was made three weeks ago on the same ground and by nearly the same men. It is the best team score that has ever been made by eight men in any match or competition. Mr. I. L. Allen is again at the head of the list with a splendid showing of 212 out of a possible 225 points, Jackson following with 211, Dakin 210, Jewell 209, Weber 202, Clarke 200, Hyde 198, Hepburn 198. It may now be confidently predicted that the following gentlemen will compose the American team of 1877: Messrs. Dakin Jewell, Allen, Jackson, Blydenburgh Hyle

CONSUL DOUGLASS -The steamship Ty bre, commanded by Captain Koehl, which cleared from this port yesterday for Turk's Is'and Hayti and St. Domingo, carried on her deck upward of sixty thousand cartridge for Puerto Plata, in St. Domingo. Accord ing to the last reports from that republic of chronic revolutions, a strong effort being made to upset the government of President Baez, who is accused of being a traitor to his country on account o his aunexation proclivities to the United States. Among the passengers by the Tybee was Charles R. Douglass, United States con sul at Puerto Plata, son of the United States marshal of the District of Columbia, Frederick Douglass. A large number of colored men from this city and Brooklyn were pre-sent to wish him 'God speed." Several im promptu speeches were made, and the affair was evidently a most enjoyable one to Mr.

Douglass' friends .- [N. Y. Herald, 10th. quired only a display of armed force at Hancock and Sir John's Run yesterday to dissolve the blockade of the Chesapeake and Ohio canal, which a temporizing policy had suffered to exist for nearly two and a half months, to the detriment of trade and many public and private interests. As a sheriff cosse one hundred and twenty-five United States soldiers appeared on the scene at half-past five a. m., and before eleven o'clock a number of men, who are engaged with burning a canal steamer, were in the custody of the sheriff of Washington county, and word was telegraphed to the governor at Baltimore that the canal was open. The state troops, which left Baltimore at 6 a. m. yesterday, reached the scene of operations a half past twelve o'clock, and occupied Han-cock, the boatmen's headquarters. No collision, opposition or blood shed occurred.

COUNTERFEITING IN STATE PRISON. John Gann, charged with passing counterfeit money, was released from custo ty in Nashville, Tenn., Wednesday, it having been proven that he had lived in the mountains, away from civilization so long, he had no better sense. He said he got the counterfeits from his brother, James Gann, now in the penitentiary, who in consequence was given 25 lashes in that institution, in the presence of a large number of convicts. A good deal of this spurious stuff has been coined in the penitentiary, and every con-vict caught at it is punished. The moulds used are made of plaster of paris, and the work is very common. James Gann, while at work on the Cincinnati Southern rail. read, not long since escaped, and was badly shot upon his recapture.

Workingmen's Union .- At a meeting of the English-speaking section of the work-ingmen's party, held in Philadelphia last night, the statement was made that a secret convention of delegates from labor organizations throughout the country would be beld here on Saturday, and that the convention would represent thousands of workingmen. It would appear from remarks made at the meeting that a committee has been at work some time conferring with the labor unions throughout the country and receiv. ing responses from various sections, particularly the coal regions.

VENTION, after spending yesterday in pre-liminary proceedings, proceeded to vote for a candidate for governor last night. On the first ballot Mahone received 421 votes and Daniel 351; second ballot, Mahone 440, Daniel 414. Holiday and Taliaferro received good votes each time; Terry and Lee have been dropped. The convention then adjourned until nine o'clock this morning.

SARATOGA RACES -The fourth and last race of yesterday's Saratoga races, one mile a d an eighth, was won by Fa'r Play in 1594, Parmership second, Sister of Mercy THE NEW JERSEY RAILROADS show

their gratitude for the late protection afford ed them by the state by refusing to pay their taxes .- [N. Y. Herald. The pay of all the government employes at Constantinople has been reduced 5) per cent. till the war is over. No strikes.

BFA lad in one of our polytechnic insti-tutes recently described the United States as a country too much infested with railroads."

at Dartmouth and professor of surgery at Dartmouth and professor of anatomy at Bellevue hospital. New York, died at Hanover, Pa., yesterday, after an illness of two as The British brig Rio reports picking up at sea a boat containing the mate and four seamen of the bark Bertha and Maria, of Kineston, Jamaica, who lef the bark in a sinking condition on the 22d of July, and parted company with the captain and five men the same evening. The Eastern Conflict.

THE CONFERENCE OF THE EMPERORS. The Emperor of Germany left Ischel at 5 clock yesterday after cordially taking leave of the Austrian Empress and the Crown Prince. The Emperor of Austria accompanied the Emperor William to Edenz. The whole interview testified to the existence of the frankest understanding between the two monarchs.

RUSSIA'S USELESS CORPS. The London Times has a Kustindje dispatch dated the 5th instant, by way of Bucharest August 8, which says: "Gen. Zimmerman has most of the 14th corps and a division of another corps in the Dobrudscha, his main force being encamped about 8 miles from Tehernavoda. His operations have nitherto consisted mainly in sending out detachments of Cossacks on scouting duty in all directions. Gen. Zimmerman's head-quarters are at Tchernavoda. It is the opin-ion of officers who should be well informed that they will remain there until the fall of Rustchuk or its complete blockade, so as to enable Zimmerman to operate against Silistria without being taken in the rear." The Bucharest correspondent who forwards this dispatch calls attention to the uselessness of General Zimmermann's corps, as it s powerless to advance, and cannot do any thing until other operations are successful around Rustchuk, while it could assist these

sition to work upon Silistria than from Tchernavoda. NO HOPES OF PEACE JUST YET.

The Times Berlin dispatch asserts that Turkey recently notified the powers of the Porte's willingness to conclude peace on the general basis of Count Andrassy's reform LONDON, August 10.—The electoral cam-paign on the part of the French government note, but the correspondent thinks this is not like to lead to any practical results just now Russia is far too strong and too jealous of her reputation to acquiesce in Turkish propo-itions after one or several rebuffs. Aus tria and Germany, on the other hand, knowing that Russia is resolved on continuing the war, and if necessary going into winter quarters in Bulgaria or Roumania, hesitate o recommend to Prince Gortschakoff the message of the Grand Vizier.

operations were it in Bulgaria, and after they were completed would be in a better po-

DEFENDING THE STRIKE -The convention of iron and steel workers in Columbus, Ohio, unanimously adopted resolutions setting forth that they firmly believe the demand made by the railroad employes for the restoration of the late ten per cent. reduction and the modification of the heretofore tyrannical rules and orders was just and proper, having full faith that the railroad companies, by proper management, are fully able and of right should accede to the same; that while hey approve of the demand as just, and believe in the ability of the companies to grant the request, they emphatically denounce any and every act tending to viola-tion of law and the non-preservation of peace and order of the country, knowing full well that every violation of the law and disturbance of the peace tends only to injure the cause of those engaged therein; that the arbitrary power assumed by corporations, railroads especially, and exercised in crushing labor to the earth, demands at the hands of all bonest citizens serious and careful reflection, to the end that a way may be opened to strip them of some of the unlimited powers they possess, and that labor may the e better rewarded and the country greatly benefited; that in every disagreement between employer and employe they believe in the policy of arbitration.

A WIFE'S GUILT-Murder and Suicide A telegram from Monmouth, Ill , August 7 says: At an early hour yesterday morning Howard Reynolds, a contractor and builder, neturning home unexpectedly from Spring-field, Ill., discovered his wife and Charies Kirk, a grain dealer together. Kirk made good his escape. Reynolds went to the stand drawer, and, getting a revolver, shot his wife, killing her instantly. The noise of the firing attracted the attention of a milkman who was in the back part of the house, and he went to the room where Reynolds was. The latter turned and fired at him, and ard then shot himself through the temple. causing death instantly. When the coroner was summoned yesterday morning all three were found weltering in blood. Reynolds was a wealthy man. He had for some time past entertained suspicions concerning his wife and Kirk.

The Scranton vigilance committee, escorted by two companies of militia, went to Wilkes barre by special train yesterday to surrender themselves on the charges of murder found against them by Alderman Mahan's jury and give bail for their appearance at the trial. They take with them bailsmen reresenting several millions of dollars. Gov. Hartranft arrived at Scranton by specia rain, accompanied by his staff and a body guard of militia. He remained in his palaccar with engine attached, ready to start at a moment's notice. The two companies of militia have returned from Wilkesbarre. The members of the Scranton vigilance com mittee had a hearing before Judge Dana there yesterday afternoon, and were admitted to bail.

A DASTARDLY ACT .- The police are making earnest efforts to discover the miscreant or miscreants who threw poison into the salt water section of the New York aquarium, a day or two ago, and thus poisoned many thousand dollars' worth of rare fishes. No arrests have been made as yet, but there is reason for believing that a clue to the guilty parties has been discovered. A more wanon piece of rascality it is impossible to imagine, and no wonder the public indignation against its cowardly perpetrators amounts to a positive excitement. The motive, it is conjectured, was revenge on the part of some discharged employe, against the proprietors. As the aquarium is in some sense a public institution, it is probable that the common council will authorize the mayor to offer a reward to make sure of the detection of the guilty parties.-{N. Y. Oor. Phil Ledger.

A SAD CASE .- The Alexandria Gazette states that Mr. S. B. Mercier, editor of the Loudoun (Va.) Enterprise, has been placed in Mount Hope Asylum, near Baltimore. While on a visit to Baltimore last week Mr. Mercier experienced a slight attack of sunstroke, but on returning home was thought to have recovered from its effects. Later in the week, however, he began to exhibit unmistaken signs of insanity, and finally be came very violent, with occasional lucid in-tervals. Mr. Mercier is a young man, not yet thirty years of age, strictly temperate and highly intelligent, and his relatives hope by giving him immediately the advant age of the eminent medical attendance at Mount Hope to effect a cure of his malady.

DRIVEN TO SUICIDE BY SHAME. - Last night Miss Lillie Lohman, a very pretty young lady residing in 21 street, Jersey City, young lady residing in 21 street, Jersey City, was lying in a precarious condition from poison. She has for some time been greatly troubled by the disgraceful actions of her mother, and for some days past has been unsually dejected. Last week she made the first attempt upon her life by taking a large dose of Paris green. On Tuesday she made a second attempt, but in both cases the prompt arrival of Dr. Holcombe and the admidistration of powerful antidotes saved her from immediate death.—N. Y. World, 9th.

THE WORKINGMEN'S PARTY IN OHIO. Circulars have been issued in Columbus, Obio, calling a meeting of workingmen for next Saturday to nominate a full county ticket, including two members of the legis. lature. It is proposed to discuss the pro-priety of co-operating with the workingmen throughout Ohio as to a state convention to nominate candidates from governor down. THE EXPECTED VISIT of the several

state executives to the permanent exhibition in I hiladelphia, on the 26th in-tant promises to be a most interesting and notable event. The prospects are that nearly all the governors will attend. Nineteen of the thirty-eight have already signified, either officially or unofficially, their acceptance of the invitation of the exhibitors' association.

KENTUCKY ENTERPRISE.—Mrs. Hayes, of Allen county, Kentucky, recently gave birth to four children, two boys and two girls, which weighed 24 pounds in the aggregate, and were all at last accounts as well as could be expected. be expected. ARCHBISHOP WOOD'S RECEPTION.—A reception was tendered to Archbishop Wood in Philadelphia last night, at the Catholic club.

house, and was participated in by about 100 of the clergy and a very large number of the prominent laymen of the denomination. THE GEORGIA CONSTITUTIONAL CON-VENTION YESTERDAY. by a vote of 106 to 16, passed a section of the new constitution which repudiates certain alleged bogus bonds issued during the Bullock administration.

The Prohibitionists of Pennsylvania are to hold a convention in Harrisburg on Wednesday, September 13th, to nominate candidates for state officers.

Telegrams to The Star. VIRGINIA DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

More Balloting To-Day.

ANTI-ADMINISTRATION REPUBS. Their Meeting at Columbus, Ohio.

A U. S. MARSHAL SHOT MACMAHON'S IRON RULE.

REPRESSING REPUBLICAN EDITORS.

MACMAHON'S IRON RULE. Repressive Measures Against the Re-

publicans.

daily becomes more active and oppressive. Yesterday's news include the following items: Hawkers of newspapers at Complegne were recently required to furnish lists of the newspapers they served to customers in the Arrondisement. The officials then sup-pressed the delivery of the Sicely, Nineteenth Century, Presse, Republique Français, National, Bien Public: Petil Republique. Fran-caisè and Petit Journat, all republican journ-als. The Union Liberate, of Versailles, was sentenced to 3,000 francs fine, and the manager imprisoned three months for insulting President MacMahon. The Nineteenth Oen tury and Petil Parisien were prosecuted for publishing a colored map of France, showing the political complexion of the departments. the offence declared against them being the unauthorized publication of a drawing. The court convicted them, but passed nominal sentences of 50 francs each. Two clubs at Arles have been closed, charged with being political assemblages. The Depeche, a newspaper at Toulaus, has been fined 100 francs for refusing to print a speech of President MacMahon. The minister of agriculture has asked the prefects in a circular letter to remind the employes of the department of agriculture that it is their duty not to attempt o thwart the action of the cabinet or place at the service of hostile parties the influence they derive from their offices. The Paris police have forbidden the street sale of phoographs of M. Thiers. The papers announce that 80,000 copies of the equestrian portraits of President MacMahon are to be distributed in the provinces. The offence of speaking insultingly of President MacMahon in the streets is now becoming the subject of daily action before the courts. M. Lefevre Durufle, who may be said to have originated this ofducing the term to 15 days. He is a son of the former Bonapartist senator. The court of Bordeaux has reversed the decision of an inferior tribunal, and fined the bookseller who sold newspapers with special authoriza-tion. On the other hand, the tribunals of Nevers and Carcasson have declared themselves competent to try actions by newspapers against prefects for preventing the street sale thereof.

VIRGINIA DEMOCRATIC CONVEN. TION.

The Ballots To-day RICHMOND, VA., August 10 .- The conven tion met promptly at 9:30 this a. m. After a little skirmishing a call of counties was made for the third ballot. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee and Wm. Terry having been dropped last night, the candidates were Mahone Daniel, Holliday and Taliaferro. THE THIRD BALLOT

resulting as follows: Mahone 472, Daniel 438, Holliday 338, Taliaferro 172. Great Excitement.

m .- The proceedings were suspended for half an hour. The friends of the can didates held conferences. Intense excite ment prevails. Gen. Terry was placed in nomination again. Daniel Ahead

Fourth belief-paniel 489, Mahone 469, Hol-iday 353, Terry 103. Terry has again been tropped. A resolution was adopted requirng all nominations now to be made that the lowest cardidate to be dropped on each suc-ceeding ballot, and not to be renominated. Gen. Taliaferro and Gen. Fitzhugh Lee were renominated. Four ballots will decide the nomination.

1.30 P. M .- Fifth ballot: Mahone, 453 Daniel, 421; Holliday, 284; Taliaferro, 144; Lee, 1:9. Lee has been dropped. SIXTH BALLOT. Sixth ballot: Mahone, 467; Daniel, 448;

Holliday, 344; Taliaferro, 163. Taliaferro was dropped. ANTI-ADMINISTRATION REPUBLI-

CANS IN OHIO.

They Adopt Resolutions Denouncing the President's Policy. COLUMBUS, O., August 10 .- A meeting of anti-administration republicans, held in this city last night, adopted resolutions bitterly denouncing President Hayes for his southern policy, and declaring that the second resolution in the platform adopted by the rapublican state convention at Cleveland is inconsistent with its professed declaration of fidelity to the principles of the republican party; that it is a falsehood adopted solely for party expediency, a libel upon the repub-licans of Ohio, and unworthy of the grand record of the party. The meeting adopted also a resolution inviting correspondence from republicans throughout the state, and advice as to the course to be pursued during the present campaign. An executive committee was appointed to receive correspon-

THE CHAUTAUQUA ASSEMBLY. Rev. Joseph Cook on God and Rail. FAIRPOINT, N. Y., August 10 .- Mr. Jos

Cook's lectures constitute the chief feature of the Chautauqua assembly at present. They are to be continued during the week. At 11 o'clock this morning he addressed a very large audience on the subject of "God in nature's law." He took the position that if matter is assembly in art. if matter is essentially inert; that is, if it cannot originate force or motion every exhibition of force or motion in matter must originate in mind. Matter being essentially inert, hence easy exhibition of force or mo tion originates in mind. God is therefore omnipresent in natural law, since where he acts there he is. Bishop Peck, of the Methodist Episcopal church, has just arrived from

SARATOGA, August 10 - The second regular race meeting opens to-morrow with four races. The starters in the first, the Kentucky stakes, for two-year olds, distance three-quarters of a mile, are two of P. Lorillatd and the entries of H. O. Bernard, also the Fawn, War Dance, Fly Filly, Clifton, Duke of Magenta, Albert, Pride of the Village and Bramble. The starters in the second race, the summer handicap, for all ages, distance the summer handicap, for all ages, distance one mile and three-quarters, are Athens,

Fatal Bailread Accident.

St. Joseph, Mo., August 10.—A serious accident occurred yesterday afternoon on the St. Joseph and Western railroad, at Troy, Kansas, 15 miles west of this city. A coach, filled with passengers. Jumped the track and went over an embankment 15 feet high. Twenty-five persons were wounded, several of them, it is believed, fatally. Among the wounded are Wm. Bryan, conductor; John C. Hassenger, of Dallas City, Neb., very badly about the head; William Shubert, Nebraska, badly; C. C. Heaton, of Bedford, Iowa; Mrs. Rush and children, of Ottumwa, Iowa; W. H. Hale, daughter and child. of Havana, Ill. Those seriously wounded are being cared for at Troy, Kansas.

BANGOR, Mr., August 10.—A new ship, named the L. J. Morse, upwards of 1,400 tons measurement, was launched here to-day. She is principally owned in Bangor.

feated at Plevna, as reported in official cir-cles here last night. Fighting it is expected is still going on. The Russians number 80,000, but the strength of the Turkish entrenched positions is considered to compensate for the numerical inferiority. JOSEPH'S WAR. Getting Near the Indians. CAMP G. W. HOYLE, HOT SPRINGS, M. T., August 7, 1877.—The hostiles are on Bitter

THE TURKISH WAR. Another Russian Defeat at Plevna. CONSTANTINOPLE, August 9, evening —It is reported in official circles that the Russians have again been defeated at Plevns.

The Rumors of Turkish Victory Not Confirmed

Constantinople, August 10, afternoon. No confirmation has been received here of

the rumors that the Russians have been de-

Root river, seventy miles south of Missoula, 200 strong. Gibbon, with 150 men, is but twenty miles off. Howard is pushing through with his exhausted cavalry. The Indians want to join the Crows by Bighole Pass. The Flatheads, former friends of the Nez Perces, have refused to join them, and now they are threatened by the hostiles. The settlers are said to have sold quantities of goods to the

THE PISTOL IN POLITICS. A U. S. Marshal Shot.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, August 10. News has a special dispatch from Austia, which says U. S. Marshal Parnell was shot twice by Frank Britton and probably fatally wourded. The accounts of the affair are conflicting. It is known that the two gen-tiemen belong to opposing factions in the re-publican party, and have had differences as to the distribution of the federal patronage

The President's Civil Service Order in New York, August 10.—Considerable dis-

satisfaction has been expressed by nearly all republicas ward associations in Brooklyn egarding civil service order of President Hayes, as leaders of these organizations are nearly all office bolders, it is said that their withdrawal will have the effect of breaking up the associations. Leaders of the party in Kings county propose to hold a conference for the consideration of the question, and it is probable that committees from each organization be appointed to visit Washington and hold interviews with the President, and urge him to modify his order. The steamship Neckar brought Senator Conkling as passenger, and three steamers, with his friends on board, met him at quarantine, accompanying him to the dock at Hoboken. Salutes were fired from the accompanying steamboats as they came up the harbor and by a battery stationed at the dock at Hoboken. At the latter place a large crowd of friends were present, and speeches of wel-come were made, after which the Senator was escorted to his rooms at the Fifth Ave-

OCEANPORT, N. J., August 10.—Edward fermenlen, aged 16, son of Dr. Nermenlen, of Philadelphia, and who was injured in the disaster on the Central railroad of New Jersey at this place yesterday morning, is dead. Coroner Gugel will hold an inquest in the

light by Gilmore's band.

me Hotel, where he will be serenaded to-

Victim of a Railroad Accident.

Fire in Texas. GALVESTON, August 10 .- A fire at Waco esterday destroyed the dry good store of Lyons, Lindenthal & Co., and the hardware store of Eikel & Bernstedt. The losses on the stock and buildings amount to \$120,000; insurance \$80,000.

Wall Street To-day. New York, August 6.—The Pest's ficancial

article says: Dullness continues to be the chief feature of the Wall street market; spec-ulative shares were rather heavy in the first hour, with the Western Union and the coal stock weak. At the first board the whole market became strong and has so continued up to this time. Gold opened at 105%, and all the sales have since been at that price. Foreign exchange is dull. In the money market call loans are 2a3. Government bonds are 1/2 lower than at the close yesterchanged. The stock market at the opening, where changed, was kay higher than at the close yesterday, the latter A. and P. Telegraph. During the first half hour Delaware, Lackawanna and Western declined 1. Western Union &, and Delaware and Hudson canal &; the remainder of the list declined & a %. Since 10:30 o'clock the whole; market has advanced sal, the latter Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph; Michigan Central, Western Union, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western advanced % each; Lake Shore and Delaware and Hudson canal % each, and

New York Central &.

The Markets.

Baltimore, August 10.—Virginia sixes, deferred, 5; do. consolidated, 64%. North Carolina sixes, old, 17; do. new, 7 bid to-day. Sugar dull, 10% 411.

Baltimores, August 10.—Cotton firmer—midding, 11% all%. Flour weak and lower—Howard street and western super, 4 60a5 00; do. extra, 5.25 a6 00; do. family, 6 12a7.00; City Mills super, 4 00 a5 00; do. extra, 5.25a7.00; do. Rio brands, 7.50; Patapsco; family, 9 00. Wheat, southern quiet and steady, western firmer and higher—southern red, g cd to prime, 1 40a1.48; do. smber, 1.50a1.57; No. 2 western winter red, 1.45%; August, 1.41%; do. September, 1.36a1.36%; do. October, 1.56. Goyn, southern more active and firmer, western steady, firm and efferings light—southern white, 67a68; do. yellow, 62 a64; western mixed, spot, 60%; August, 60; September, 60%; steamer, 51%. Oats weak and I wersouthern prime, new, 36a38; western white, old, 37a 38, do mixed 35a36. Bye quiet and steady, 65a67. Hay dull and unchanged. Provisions dull and heavy. Pork, 15.09a15.25. Bulk meats, 1008e—shounders, 5%a5%; clear rib sides, 7%a7%; packed, 6½a5%. Baccon—shoulders, 7%; clear rib sides, 9%. Hanne 12aa3. Lard-refued he Rutter meabace.

shouncers. 5% a5%; clear rib sides. 7% a7%; packed, 6% a7%. Bacon—shoulders. 7%; clear rib sides. 9%. Hams. 12a:3 1 ard—refined. 10. Butter unchanged. Petroleum Cuil—crude. 7% a7%; refined. 13% a13%. Coffee quiet. firm and unchanged. Whisky ucminal, 1 12. Beceiots—Flour. 5.7%; wheat. 86.500; corn. 66.600; corts. 35.00; rec. 500. Shipments—Corn. 22.000. New York, August 10.—Stocks lower during morting, but fowards noon became strong and advanced. Money. 2. Gold. 165%. Exchange, long, 65%; short. 487. Governments steady.

New York, August 10.—Flour beavy and irregular. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn a shade firmer. London, August 10. 17:31 p. m.—The rate of discount for three months bills in the open market is 15% a1% per cent., which is half below the Bank of England rate. Eric railway, 9%. Illinois Central, 59%.

BRICK POMEROY DIVORCED AGAIN .- Mr. Mark M. Pomeroy, proprietor of Pomeroy's Democrat. has obtained a divorce from his second wife, Louise M. Pomeroy, and has married again. The separation was decreed in the Probate Court of Brigham City, Utah. This is Mr. Pomeroy's second divorce. Mr. Pomeroy's second wife. Pomeroy's second wife, to whom he was married about six years ago, was possessed of good literary tastes, much given to poetry, and seemed to be more in sympathy with him than his first wife. Mutual friends at the time of their union predicted a happy marriage and companionship. Their prediction promised to be fulfilled until about two years ago, when a disagreement arose between Mr. Pomeroy and his wife concerning a desire she ex-pressed to make acting her profession. To this her husband objected. He declared that the positions which had to be taken upon the stage-especially in the character of Romeo and Juliet, the latter of which she often assumed - were incompatible, in his opinion, with those which a domestic wife should assume. She resented the imputation, declared that he was unreasonably jealous, mistaken in his idea, and that she was wedded. to the life of an actress and could never leave it. He asserted that then she must leave him. She pleaded with him to no effect, and then accepted the alternative. The question then arose as to how they could be lawfully separated. He could not charge her, nor she him, with infidelity, cruelty nor any of those faults which in Illinois justify an action for divorce. They agreed to sepa-rate, and their six-year-old daughter was to remain part of the time with the father and part with the mother. The only question was how the separation could be made bind-ing. Mr. Pomeroy has married for the third

His present wife was his proof-THE FUN ABOUT DEACON FREELAND .-The Brooklyn papers are still agonized about Deacon Freeland, of Plymouth Church, who they make sure must get out of the colle they make sure must get out of the collector-ship of internal revenue, because he is old for one reason, and for another because Gen. Edwin L. Hayes, a second cousin of the President, wants the place. They affirm that the origin of L. Silverman's charges against the venerable collector was this: Silverman, a Washington money lender and lobbyist, wanted to get Beecher's recommendation of Six Figure Levisceof Louisiana, the elector George the Fourth, St. James, Parole, Vice, Bushwhacker and Vera Cruz. In the third race, a handicap, distance one mile and a quarter, Bertram, Mary. Bombast. Major Barker and Cardinal Wolsey start. The fourth race, a grand steeple chase over the usual course, will be contested by Trouble. Walter, Moonstone, Audubon, Reading and Doubtful.

Fatal Bailroad Accident.

St. Joseph, Mo., August 10.—A serious [A. Y. World, 16th.] [A. Y. World, 10th.

THE CENTENNIAL BOND.—All the accounts of the Philadelphia centennial board of finance with the United States Treasury having been closed, Acting Secretary McCormick has directed that the bond for \$500,000 given by John Welch and Frederick Fraley, and signed by leading citizens of Philadelphia, be restored to Mr. Welch, who, it is understood, will place it in the custody of the Pennsylvania Historical Society.

THE FREE SOIL PARTY .- A grand re THE FREE SOIL PARTY.—A grand reunion of the free soil party took place yesterday at Downer's Landing, near Boston, several hundred, including most of the lights of the old party now living, being present. An address was made by Samuel Downes, who was followed by Charles Francis Adams and others. Several letters were read, including one from Charles A. Chapin and one from Henry Phelps,